

ON THE CRITERIA FOR DEFINING IGNITION DELAY TIME OF A HYDROGEN–OXYGEN MIXTURE AS APPLIED TO NUMERICAL SIMULATION

A. A. Zakharkina^{1,2}, A. S. Sharipov¹, and I. N. Kadochnikov¹

¹P. I. Baranov Central Institute of Aviation Motors, 2 Aviamotornaya Str., Moscow 111116, Russian Federation

²Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology (MIPT), 9 Institutsky Per., Dolgoprudny, Moscow Region 141701, Russian Federation

Abstract: Using a recently developed reaction submechanism “JIHT-OHex(H₂)” aimed at describing the kinetics of the electronically excited OH* radical, there were analyzed the features of the OH* temporal evolution accompanying the autoignition of an argon-diluted (Ar mole fraction $\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$) hydrogen–oxygen mixture over a wide range of initial conditions: temperature ($T_0 = 1000$ – 2000 K), pressure ($p_0 = 0.001$ – 50 atm), and equivalence ratio ($\phi = 0.1$ – 5). For these conditions, the present authors compared the ignition delays of hydrogen–oxygen mixtures determined by the maximum OH* concentration and by other alternative criteria commonly used in numerical experiments that do not explicitly resolve the kinetics of chemiluminescent particles. It was found that at low pressures, the “JIHT-OHex(H₂)” submechanism predicts the OH* concentration profiles without a pronounced maximum, in which case the discrepancy between the ignition delay values of the hydrogen–oxygen mixture determined by different methods can be significant. At normal and elevated pressures, the methods considered for defining the ignition delay of a hydrogen–oxygen mixture give close values of the induction time, with the best agreement with the position of the OH* concentration peak being the time of maximum rate of temperature rise.

Keywords: hydrogen oxidation; hydroxyl radical; electronic excitation; ignition delay time; kinetic simulation; chemiluminescence

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Figure Captions

Figure 1 Calculated temporal [OH*] profiles for hydrogen–oxygen mixture ($\phi = 1$ and $\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$) at $p_0 = 1$ (a) and 0.01 atm (b): 1 – $T_0 = 1000$ K; 2 – 1100 ; 3 – 1200 ; and 4 – $T_0 = 1300$ K

Figure 2 The ignition delay times $\tau_{OH^*}^{max}$ (1), τ_{OH^*} (2), τ_{OH} (3), and τ_T (4) vs. initial temperature T_0 at $\phi = 1$, $\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$, and $p_0 = 0.01$ atm

Figure 3 Two-parameter $\delta\tau_{OH^*}(T_0, \phi)$ dependence for hydrogen–oxygen mixture ($\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$) at $p_0 = 1$ (a) and 0.1 atm (b)

Figure 4 The contours with $\delta\tau_{OH^*} = 2$ calculated for hydrogen–oxygen mixture ($\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$) at different initial pressures p_0 : 1 – 1 atm; 2 – 0.5 ; 3 – 0.1 ; 4 – 0.05 ; 5 – 0.01 ; and 6 – 0.001 atm

Figure 5 Comparison of the ignition delays determined based on different criteria for hydrogen–oxygen mixtures ($\gamma_{Ar} = 0.97$) at different equivalence ratios: (a) $\phi = 0.1$; (b) 1.0 ; and (c) 5.0 ; solid curves – $\tau_{OH^*}^{max}$; dotted curves – τ_T ; dashed curves – τ_{OH} ; and dash-dotted curves – τ_{OH^*} ; 1 – $p_0 = 0.01$ atm; 2 – 0.1 ; 3 – 1 ; 4 – 10 ; and 5 – $p_0 = 50$ atm

Figure 6 Calculated temporal [OH*] profiles at $\phi = 1.0$, $p_0 = 0.01$ atm, and different initial temperatures T_0 : 1 – 1400 K; 2 – 1500 ; 3 – 1600 ; 4 – 1700 ; 5 – 1800 ; 6 – 1900 ; and 7 – 2000 K

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Contributors

Zakharkina Anna A. (b. 2003) — technician, P. I. Baranov Central Institute of Aviation Motors, 2 Aviamotornaya Str., Moscow 111116, Russian Federation; student, Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology (MIPT), 9 Institutsky Per., Dologoprudny, Moscow Region 141701, Russian Federation; zakharkina.aa@phystech.edu

Sharipov Alexander S. (b. 1986) — Candidate of Science in physics and mathematics, head of sector, P. I. Baranov Central Institute of Aviation Motors, 2 Aviamotornaya Str., Moscow 111116, Russian Federation; assharipov@ciam.ru

Kadochnikov Ilia N. (b. 1988) — senior research scientist, P. I. Baranov Central Institute of Aviation Motors, 2 Aviamotornaya Str., Moscow 111116, Russian Federation; inkadochnikov@ciam.ru